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felt of creating a larger interest in the works of art in the Museum and of giving opportunity to enjoy them more deeply. The Museum feels that "great art is the expression of the beauty and mystery of life, and to him who understands brings wisdom, happiness, exaltation."

Miss Cornelia B. Sage, AMERICAN Director of the Albright SCULPTURE Art Gallery, in Buffalo, has AT BUFFALO arranged for the coming summer an exhibition of sculpture which will display the work of American sculptors in a manner never before undertaken by a museum. Miss Sage has made for herself an enviable reputation as a museum administrator; she possesses the rare combination of insight and initiative and judging from her work in the past, the art world has the right to expect great things of this exhibition.

Before his death Karl Bitter had an idea of this sort and Miss Sage, quick to see its possibilities, has seized upon the opportunity offered by the closing of the Panama-Pacific Exposition to develop and carry into effect a real sculpture exhibition. Truly the sculptors after long years of patient waiting have finally come into their own, for once they will play a principal part in an exhibition.

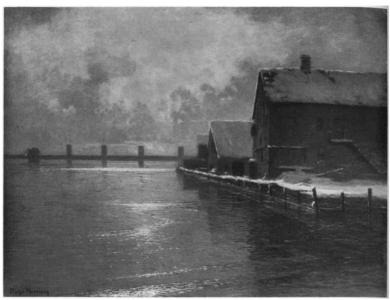
All of the galleries of the Albright Art Gallery as well as the grounds surrounding the museum will be placed at the disposal of the sculptors. The sculpture from the Panama-Pacific Exposition will stop at Buffalo on its way East and other pieces have been solicited from many artists.

Robert Aitken and A. A. Weinmann have been appointed by the National Sculpture Society to assist Miss Sage in the arrangement of her splendid undertaking. Buffalo should become a point of pilgrimage this summer for all those who wish to see the sculpture of our American artists as they have never seen it before and may never see it again!

During 1915 there were almost 60,000 more visitors at the Art Institute than in the previous year, a striking evidence of its increase in efficiency and public service. Thirty-two exhibitions were

held, and the year opened with eight individual exhibitions including paintings, sculpture, etchings and models of the new stage-craft. The regular annual exhibitions were of unusual interest, that of water colors being supplemented by a fine room of paintings from the Boston Water Color Society. The fourteenth annual exhibition of Applied Arts was probably the most attractively installed and, in general, the best exhibition of art crafts ever held in the Museum. The other annual exhibitions included works by artists of Chicago and vicinity, architectural works, water colors, pastels and miniatures, ceramics and china painting, oil paintings and sculpture. In addition there were shown a collection of drawings by old masters; etchings, engravings and Japanese prints from the Buckingham collection; a collection of valentines; Chinese and Japanese brocades; mural paintings; small bronzes; 103 pieces of antique English silver and an exhibition of manuscripts and books. The number and variety of objects displayed is another significant indication of the prosperity and activity of the Art Institute, as is the successful work it is doing along other lines.

Twenty-five paintings were ART IN purchased from the recent CHICAGO exhibition of work by artists in Chicago and vicinity held in the Art Institute of Chicago. Eleven other works are being considered for purchase by the Commission for the Encouragement of Local Art. This commission consists of Lawton Parker, Victor Higgins, William O. Goodman, Frank G. Logan, Wallace L. DeWolf, Frank A. Werner and Wilson Irvine. The appropriation upon which it can annually draw amounts to \$4,500. This appropriation is made by the City of Chicago in order to stimulate local art. Chicago is the only city in the United States which has established a commission of this character. In addition to the purchases already mentioned a painting by Carl R. Krafft entitled "The Charms of the Ozarks" was purchased by the Municipal Art League. W. Victor Higgins's painting "Town of Taos," and Pauline Palmer's "The Sketch Class" were purchased for the public schools of Chicago from prize funds, and Rudolph F. Ingerle's



THE BRIDGE AT COSCOB

BIRGE HARRISON

painting "Ozark Autumn Glories" was bought by the Arché Club. The painting by Mr. Krafft was selected by ballot. From this exhibition two traveling exhibitions were assembled to be shown in various towns and cities in Illinois and adjacent states.

Harvard University an-RESEARCH nounces a research Fellow-FELLOWSHIP ship in Fine Arts with IN FINE ARTS an income of \$2,000, which will be available for the academic year 1916-17. This fellowship is the gift of Mr. Paul Sachs, and is available to scholars of proved ability, whether students, instructors or others, for the purpose of enabling them to pursue in any part of the world advanced studies in the history, principles, or methods of the Fine Arts. It is open to any American, man or woman. It is to be awarded (on the basis of evidence submitted by the applicants) by the Corporation, on the recommendation of a committee consisting of the President of Harvard University, the President of Radcliffe College, the Directors of the Fogg

Museum, the Chairman of the Division of Fine Arts of Harvard University, and such other members of that Division as these five may select.

Applications, accompanied in each case by evidence of the applicant's qualifications and a proposed plan of work, should be sent to Mr. George W. Robinson, Secretary of the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences, University Hall, Cambridge, Mass., before May 15, 1916. The award will be announced in June, 1916. Under the terms of the Fellowship, the committee in charge has authority to make no recommendation in case no suitable candidate appears.

SCULPTURE
BY EDWARD
FIELD
SANFORD, JR.
York, from April 18th to May 1st. These
works according to the Art Critic of The
New York Times showed "not only a happy
sense of reality on the part of the artist but
a deep appreciation of design." Among the